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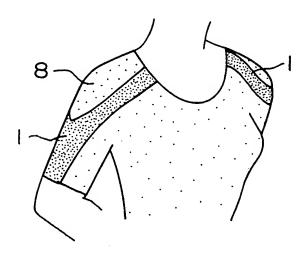
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(Sa) Wearing article with taping function.

A wearing article with a taping function for wearing on a human body in pressed relation to a surface of the human body, has a heavily-stretchable portion (1) which has an excellent tightening force and is adapted to be held against a required portion of the human body so as to extend generally along muscle fibers over a region from a tendon to a central portion of the muscle. The remainder of the wearing article is defined by an easily-stretchable portion (8). With this arrangement, by merely wearing this wearing article on the required portion of the body, the heavily-stretchable portion (1) tightens only a required portion of the body to support the central portion of the relevant muscle, thereby easily achieving a taping function.

FIG. I



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BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates to wearing articles or clothes with a taping function which are adapted to be worn on and tightly fitted on various parts of the human body so as to reinforce the relevant articulations (joints) and muscles.

When having various kinds of sport activities and trainings, or taking various kinds of exercise for fitness purposes, people put on the type of wear which prevents an external wound and prevents the relapse of a wound. In addition, in order to effectively prevent an injury and to provide an effective remedy, there has been widely used a so-called taping treatment in which a suitable length of tape of an elastic nature or a non-elastic nature is tightly wound on or adhesively bonded tightly to the articulation, the muscle or the ligament of the human body in a perpendicular direction relative to the human body. Namely, the taping treatment is used to prevent an injury, a wound resulting from fatigue. the relapse of such wound, or to provide an emergency treatment at the site immediately after an accident. After the injury is cured, the taping is used for reinforcing the cured portion. Originally, the taping is intended to reinforce the articulation and the muscle, using a medical or an athletic adhesive tape having an acrylic resin adhesive coated on one surface of a substrate of cotton or polyester, and this tape is adapted to be tightly wound on or adhesively bonded to a required portion of the human body so as to prevent an injury, to provide an emergency treatment, to promote rehabilitation and to prevent the relapse of an injury.

Besides such taping, there have been widely used supporters which are made of an elastic material and adapted to be put on a portion of the human body, such as an ankle and a knee.

However, when the taping is to be applied to a required portion of the human body, much skill is needed for such taping treatment. If the taping fails to be provided properly (for example, the application of the taping to an improper portion, or an unskillful and inadequate taping), not only the intended purpose (i.e., the prevention of an injury and a remedy) is not achieved, but also this adversely affects various kinds of exercise, which may result in the interruption in blood circulation and a nerval trouble, and besides this tends to adversely affect the muscle. Therefore, it is necessary that the taping should be applied by those who have acquired a taping technique, and unskilled persons can not easily apply the taping.

When a supporter is to be used, a suitable supporter of a configuration corresponding to a required portion of the human body is chosen, and it can be quite easily attached to the required

portion. However, although the supporter can provide a support in a direction perpendicular to the human body surface, it can not provide a required support force in a direction inclined relative to the human body surface, or in a spiral direction, or in a direction along the human body surface, so that a sufficient support can not be achieved because of an insufficient tightening force. Namely, such a supporter merely applies a pressure to the human body, but can not function to limit the movement of the relevant portion of the human body. Particularly when a force is applied to the abdominal muscle or the like, the muscle is expanded and contracted. and therefore the muscle is expanded to increase its diameter. Therefore, when a force is applied to the human body surface in perpendicular relation thereto, the expansion and contraction of the muscle are prevented, and fatigue is not alleviated, and in contrast this causes a muscle fatigue.

In addition to the above-mentioned drawbacks of the prior art methods, another disadvantage has been encountered with the above taping and the above supporters. More specifically, that portion of the human body surface to which the taping or the supporter is applied is subjected to a tightening force, and therefore the difference between said that surface and the other surface portions appears because of the pressure difference, so that an unnatural step and profile can be recognized from the external appearance. This is quite unsightly, and particularly in the case of women, its silhouette can not be kept beautiful.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

According to the present invention, there is provided a wearing article with a taping function for wearing on a human body in pressed relation to a surface of the human body, comprising at least one heavily-stretchable portion which has an excellent tightening force and is adapted to be held against a required portion of the human body so as to extend generally along muscle fibers over a region from a tendon to a central portion of the muscle; the remainder of the wearing article being defined by an easily-stretchable portion.

The heavily-stretchable portion is pressed against that portion (e.g. muscle or articulation) of the human body requiring a taping treatment, in such a manner that the heavily-stretchable portion is extended along the muscle fibers over the region from the tendon to the central portion of the muscle. The other portions not requiring such a taping treatment are covered by the easily-stretchable portion.

With this construction, the wearing article, when worn on the human body, has the portion applying a high tightening force to the body sur-

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face, and the portion applying a low tightening force to the body surface. The former portion applying the high tightening force achieves a localized tightening effect similar to that achieved with a taping treatment, thereby enabling the prevention and remedy of an injury. The wearing article can be provided in the form of a tights for the lower half of the human body, a sock, an overall tights, a limb supporter, a shoulder supporter, a glove and so on. Therefore, upon wearing of this wearing article, even those who are not skillful in the taping technique can obtained the effect similar to that of a taping treatment. The other portion of the integral wearing article except for the taping portion is made of a two-way stretchable material which can stretch longitudinally and transversely, and therefore the taping portion can not be recognized from an external view, and the wearing article can be smoothly worn on the body with a beautiful silhouette.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a perspective view of a shirt according to a preferred embodiment of the invention in which heavily-stretchable cloth pieces are provided so as to be disposed on the shoulders and the upper arm portions;

Fig. 2 is a side-elevational view of an elbow supporter according to another embodiment of the invention in which a heavily-stretchable cloth piece is provided so as to be disposed on the upper arm portion and the front arm portion;

Fig. 3 is a front-elevational view of a glove according to a further embodiment of the invention in which a heavily-stretchable cloth piece is provided so as to be disposed on the back of the hand, the palm and the wrist:

Fig. 4 is a rear view of a body wear according to a further embodiment of the invention in which heavily-stretchable cloth pieces are provided so as to be disposed on the back of the human body;

Fig. 5 is a front-elevational view of a long girdle according to a further embodiment of the invention in which a heavily-stretchable cloth piece is provided so as to be disposed on the thighs and the lower leg portions;

Fig. 6 is a rear view of a long girdle according to a further embodiment of the invention in which a heavily-stretchable cloth piece is provided so as to be disposed on the hips;

Fig. 7 is a rear view of a lower leg supporter according to a further embodiment of the invention in which a heavily-stretchable cloth piece is provided so as to be disposed on the lower leg portion;

Fig. 8 is a front-elevational view of the lower leg

supporter of Fig. 7;

Fig. 9 is a rear view of a modified lower leg supporter;

Fig. 10 a rear view of another modified lower leg supporter; and

Fig. 11 is a graph showing results of muscle fatigue tests.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODI-MENTS

Wearing articles or cloths with a taping function according to preferred embodiments of the present invention, which are adapted to be worn on the human body in pressed relation to the human body surface, will now be described with reference to the drawings.

Figs. 1 to 10 show various goods or articles embodying the present invention. Fig. 1 shows a shirt in which a heavily-stretchable cloth piece is provided so as to extend from each shoulder to the upper arm portion to provide a taping function. Fig. 2 shows an elbow supporter in which heavilystretchable cloth pieces are provided so as to be disposed respectively at the upper arm portion and the front arm portion to provide a taping function. Fig. 3 shows a glove in which a heavily-stretchable cloth piece is provided so as to extend along the back of the hand and the palm and also to surround the wrist to provide a taping function. Fig. 4 shows a body wear in which heavily-stretchable cloth pieces are provided so as to hold the latissimus dorsi of the back of the human body and so on to provide a taping function. Fig. 5 shows a long girdle in which a heavily-stretchable cloth piece for providing a taping function is provided so as to cover all of the front side of the lower half of the human body except for the front sides of the thighs, the knees and the front sides of the lower leg portions. Fig. 6 shows a long girdle in which a heavily-stretchable cloth piece is provided so as to hold the gluteus maximus muscles and etc., of the hips to provide a taping function. Fig. 7 shows a lower leg supporter in which a heavily-stretchable cloth piece is provided so as to hold the Achilles' tendon, the soleus, the gastrocnemius and etc., to provide a taping function. Fig. 8 is a frontelevational view of the lower leg supporter of Fig. 7. Fig. 8 is a rear-elevational view of a modified lower leg supporter. Fig. 10 shows another modified lower leg supporter in which heavily-stretchable cloth pieces are provided to extend from the Achilles' tendon via the opposite side portions of the gastrocnemius toward the knee. In any of these wearing articles, the heavily-stretchable cloth piece is adapted to be provided not perpendicularly to the surface of the human body, but linearly, slantingly or spirally (or in other suitable form) generally

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along the muscle fibers, so that the heavilystretchable cloth piece can be pressed against the relevant portion of the human body surface.

Although the prevent invention can, of course, be applied to other forms of wearing articles than the above-mentioned articles, the lower leg supports (particularly, those in which the heavily-stretchable cloth piece is provided to extend from the Achilles' tendon via the opposite side portions of the gastrocnemius toward the knee) are mainly described specifically here for the sake of convenience.

Each of the supporters A shown in Figs. 7 to 10 has a tubular shape, and is made of elastic (stretchable) materials (e.g. a spandex) sewn together. The supporter A fits on the lower leg to extend between the knee and the ankle so as to tighten this portion. The predetermined portion of the supporter A is lined with the heavily-stretchable cloth piece 1 in the form of a band. With this arrangement, when the supporter A is worn on the lower leg, the heavily-stretchable portion (where the heavily-stretchable cloth piece 1 is provided) is pressed against the human body surface with a higher tightening force so as to provide a taping function, whereas the other portion of the supporter A (that is, an easily-stretchable cloth 8) is pressed against the human body surface with a lower tightening force. Thus, the supporter A has the two portions having different stretching (elastic) characteristics, respectively.

The heavily-stretchable cloth piece 1 is in the form of a band (360 denier x 210 denier) having a generally uniform width, for example, of 4 to 6 cm throughout its length, and is made of a heavilystretchable material, such as a spandex, which can be stretched longitudinally with a relatively high force. The supporter A is lined with the band-like heavily-stretchable cloth piece 1 by sewing, so that this cloth piece 1 is integrally connected to the supporter A. In the supporter A shown in Fig. 10, one of the heavily-stretchable cloth pieces 1 extends downward from the upper portion 5 of the outer side of the lower leg (which is disposed slightly below the knee 4) toward the ankle obliquely to approach the center line of the rear side of the lower leg in such a manner that this heavilystretchable cloth piece 1 is pressed against the upper outer portion of the gastrocnemius, part of the soleus and part of the Achilles' tendon. Reference numeral 2 denotes the upper end of this heavily-stretchable cloth piece 1, and reference numeral denotes the lower end thereof. The other heavily-stretchable cloth pieces 1 extends downward from the upper portion 6a of the inner side of the lower leg (which is disposed slightly below the knee 4) toward the ankle obliquely to approach the center line of the rear side of the lower leg in such

a manner that this heavily-stretchable cloth piece 1 is pressed against the upper inner portion of the gastrocnemius, part of the soleus and part of the Achilles' tendon. In the supporter A shown in Fig. 10, although the two separate heavily-stretchable cloth pieces 1 are used, they may be replaced by a single heavily-stretchable cloth piece which is branched or bifurcated right and left at a position above the Achilles' tendon.

In the lower leg supporter A shown in Figs. 7 and 8, the heavily-stretchable cloth piece 1 extends spirally downward from the upper portion 5 of the outer side of the lower leg (which is disposed slightly below the knee 4) toward the ankle via the upper outer portion of the gastrocnemius of the calf 7 of the rear side of the lower leg. Reference numeral 2 denotes the upper end of this heavilystretchable cloth piece 1, and reference numeral 3 denotes the lower end thereof. In the lower leg supporter A shown in Fig. 9, the heavily-stretchable cloth piece 1 extends spirally in a direction opposite to that shown in Figs. 7 and 8. More specifically, the heavily-stretchable cloth piece 1 extends spirally downward from the upper portion 6a of the inner side of the lower leg (which is disposed slightly below the knee 4) toward the ankle via the upper inner portion of the gastrocnemius of the calf 7 of the rear side of the lower leg. Reference numeral 5a denotes the lower portion of the outer side of the lower leg.

In the above supporters A, the heavily-stretchable cloth piece 1 attached to the inner side thereof provides a higher tightening force than the other portion (that is, the easily-stretchable cloth 8) of the supporter A, and therefore the heavily-stretchable cloth piece 1 can provide strong stretching characteristics almost the same as achieved with a taping treatment. When the band-like heavilystretchable cloth piece 1 has a very much stronger stretching force than the easily-stretchable cloth 8, a taping treatment for achieving a stronger support effect can be provided. More specifically, the heavily-stretchable cloth piece 1 is stretched or expanded, and then in this condition this cloth piece 1 is sewn to the easily-stretchable cloth 8. With this arrangement, when the supporter A is worn on the lower leg, the heavily-stretchable cloth piece 1 is stretched, and therefore the heavilystretchable cloth piece 1 tends to contract, so that a strong contracting force is applied in the direction of the muscle fibers.

As described above, in the supporters A of the embodiments of the present invention, the band-like heavily-stretchable cloth piece 1, having the uniform width throughout its length, is spirally provided. In other wearing articles to be worn on a required portion of the human body in pressed relation to the human body surface, the heavily-

stretchable cloth piece 1 of a required shape is adapted to be provided on a required articulation or muscle so as to extend generally in the direction of the muscle fibers from the tendon to the central portion of the muscle. By doing so, the taping function can be achieved. The heavily-stretchable cloth piece 1 is applied to the human body surface along the muscle fibers, and is applied under pressure to part or the whole of the muscle fibers. The heavily-stretchable cloth piece 1 need only to be extended longitudinally in the direction of the muscle fibers. When the heavily-stretchable cloth piece 1 is provided perpendicular to the human body surface, the muscle fatigue can not be alleviated. and also a remedy for an injury can not be achieved. In other words, the dissipation of the energy and the accumulation of a fatigue substance (e.g. lactic acid) cause the muscle fatigue. The recovery from the fatigue can be promoted by promoting the flow of the blood and the lymph to rapidly remove the fatigue substance. When the skin is subjected to a massage effect by applying a proper degree of pressure thereto, the flow of the blood and the lymph can be promoted, and the recovery from the fatigue can be promoted. However, when the muscular strength is exerted, the muscle fibers are contracted, and the muscle bundle becomes thicker, and it is not desirable to hold the central portion of the muscle (i.e., the thickened muscle bundle). In view of these, the above construction of the present invention is needed.

In the above embodiments, although the heavily-stretchable cloth piece 1 is integrally sewn to the supporter A by lining, the present invention is not limited to such arrangement. For example, there can be adopted a mold knitting method by which a high-power portion and a low-power portion are provided in a supporter, a molding method by which a high-power portion and a lower-power portion is provided in a supporter while providing a three-dimensional configuration, a method in which the heavily-stretchable cloth piece 1 is sewn to the outer side of the supporter, and a method in which instead of the heavily-stretchable cloth piece 1, a coating of a synthetic resin is applied to the supporter to prevent the stretching.

Preferably, fastening bands 9 and 9a of a tubular shape are attached respectively to the upper and lower ends 2 and 3 of the supporter A so as to prevent the supporter A from becoming displaced out of place upward and downward. This arrangement provides another advantage that the upper and lower fastening bands 9 and 9a pull the supporter A in opposite directions, so that the taping function of the heavily-stretchable cloth piece 1 is enhanced. However, if the upper and lower ends 2 and 3 has sufficient power, the use of fastening bands 9 and 9a may be omitted. Further, the above

lower leg supporters may be modified into a leggin-type supporter in which a narrow strip is extended across the plantar arch.

Fig. 11 shows results of muscle fatigue tests with respect to the lower leg supporter of the present invention. In the test, electrodes were attached to the skin of the leg, and in this condition the testee ran on a slope for 10 minutes, and the average value with respect to the upper portions of the inner and outer sides of the gastrocnemius gas found, Mark O represents the numerical value measured immediately after the running gas started, and mark • represents the numerical value measured seconds before the running was finished. As shown in Fig. 11, the degree of fatigue is low with high frequencies, and is high with low frequencies. B represents the case where no supporter was worn, and C represents the case where the supporter of the present invention was worn, and D represents the case where a conventional spats was worn, and E represents the case where a conventional tubular supporter for holding the central portion of the muscle was worn. As is clear from Fig. 11, by supporting the muscle without perpendicularly holding the central portion of the muscle, the stability of the muscle can be increased, and the fatigue resulting from a longperiod exercise can be alleviated.

As described above, the wearing article of the present invention is composed of the easilystretchable cloth 8 and the heavily-stretchable cloth piece or pieces 1, and the heavily-stretchable cloth piece 1 is provided so as to extend generally along the muscle fibers over the region from the tendon to the central portion of the muscle. Therefore, when this wearing article is worn on the human body in intimate contact with the body surface, the heavily-stretchable cloth piece 1 is quite strongly pressed against the body surface along the muscle fibers so as to support the region from the tendon to the central portion of the muscle, With this arrangement, the stability of the muscle is enhanced, and a good circulation of the blood and the lymph is obtained even when taking exercise for a long time, and the muscle fatigue is alleviated. Therefore, with this taping function, a torn muscle, which would be caused by the fatigue due to an excessive use of the muscle of the calf and by an excessive stress on the muscle, can be prevented, and a remedy for such a torn muscle can be achieved, and besides the prevention of an injury by a blow against the lower leg, as well as a treatment for such an injury, can be provided.

Further, when wearing the wearing article of the present invention, the same effect as the taping treatment can be provided at the required portion extending along the central portion of the muscle, and besides upon wearing of the wearing article,

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Further, since the band-like heavily-stretchable cloth piece 1 which is strong and can apply a high tightening force is used, the motion of the muscle is suitably supported and controlled. Also, that portion except for the heavily-stretchable cloth piece 1 which portion covers and fits on the body surface is as elastic (stretchable) as that obtained with the prior art, and therefore excellent fitting, heat-retaining and protective properties are obtained.

Further, the one-piece cloth, having the highpower portion and the lower-power portion continuous with each other, is used, and therefore a silhouette upon wearing is smooth and beautiful, and no profile of the high-power portion or the lowpower portion appears on the outer surface of the wearing article.

Claims

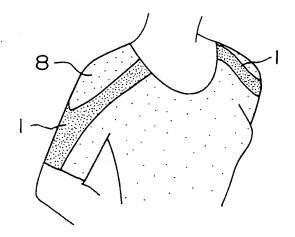
- 1. A wearing article with a taping function for wearing on a human body in pressed relation to a surface of the human body, comprising at least one heavily-stretchable portion which has an excellent tightening force and is adapted to be held against a required portion of the human body so as to extend generally along muscle fibers over a region from a tendon to a central portion of the muscle; the remainder of said wearing article being defined by an easily-stretchable portion.
- 2. A wearing article according to claim 1, in which said wearing article is a shirt, said heavilystretchable portion being so provided as to extend from each shoulder of said body to an upper arm portion of said body to provide a taping function.
- 3. A wearing article according to claim 1, in which said wearing article is an elbow supporter, said heavily-stretchable portion being so provided as to be disposed respectively at an upper arm portion of said body and a front arm portion of said body to provide a taping function.
- 4. A wearing article according to claim 1, in which said wearing article is a glove, said heavilystretchable portion being so provided as to extend along the back of the hand of said body and the palm of said hand and also to surround the wrist to provide a taping function.
- A wearing article according to claim 1, in which said wearing article is a body wear, said

heavily-stretchable portion being so provided so as to hold the latissimus dorsi of the back of said body to provide a taping function.

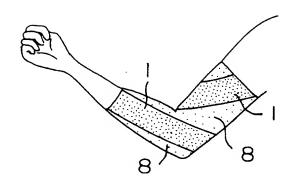
- 6. A wearing article according to claim 1, in which said wearing article is a long girdle, said heavily-stretchable portion being so provided so as to cover all of the front side of the lower half of said body except for the front sides of the thighs, the knees and the front sides of the lower leg portions, thereby providing a taping function.
 - 7. A wearing article according to claim 1, in which said wearing article is a long girdle, said heavily-stretchable portion being so provided so as to hold the gluteus maximus muscles of the hips of said body to provide a taping function.
 - A wearing article according to claim 1, in which said wearing article is a lower leg supporter, said heavily-stretchable portion being so provided so as to hold the Achilles' tendon, the soleus and the gastrocnemius to provide a taping function.
 - 9. A wearing article according to claim 1, in which said wearing article is a lower leg supporter, tow said heavily-stretchable portions being so provided as to extend from the Achilles' tendon via the opposite side portions of the gastrocnemius toward the knee.
- 35 10. A wearing article to claim 8 or claim 9, in which said supporter has a tubular shape for fitting on the lower leg of said body.
 - 11. A wearing article according to claim 10, in which said supporter is lined with said heavilystretchable portion.
 - **12.** A wearing article to any one of claims 1 to 7, in which said wearing article is lined with said heavily-stretchable portion.
 - 13. A wearing article according to claim 1, in which said heavily-stretchable portion is in the form of a band.

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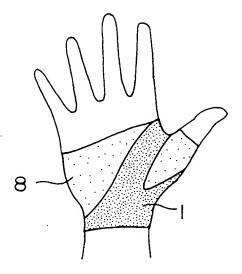
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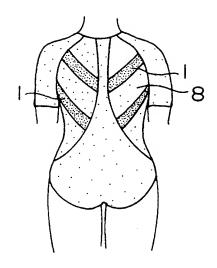
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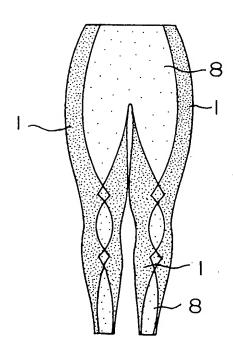




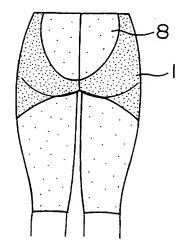
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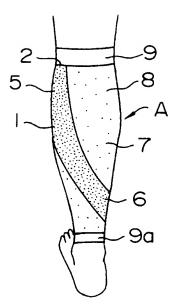
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F I G. 6



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F I G. 8

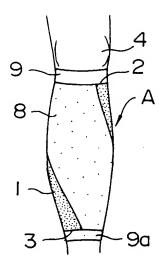
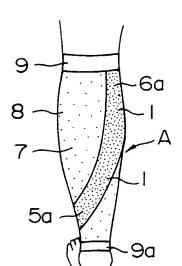
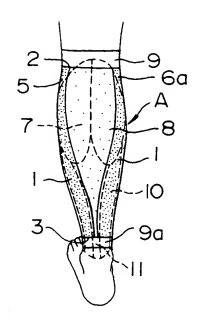


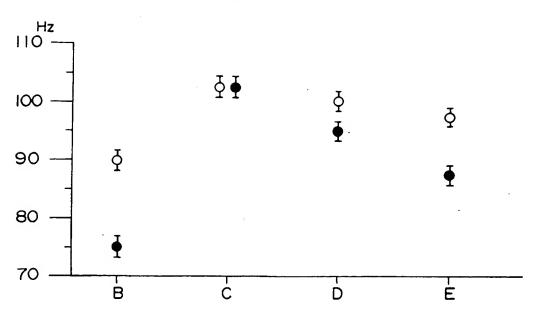
FIG. 9



F I G. 10



F I G. 11



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